Would smokers who quit aided be more prone to relapse after aids withdrawal than smokers who quit unaided?

Overall, **18.1%** of ex-smokers had used smoking cessation aids.

**Cessation aid users** were significantly more likely to have smoking urge in the morning and smoking intention in various circumstances.

**Association of smoking urge and intention for cessation aid use**

Socio-demographic characteristics, cigarette consumption in a smoking day and school clustering effect were adjusted for.

The results suggest a greater possibility of relapse in the future in **ex-smokers who used cessation aids**. Programmes to prevent relapses are needed for ex-smokers, especially those who quit with aids.